

BUTLER, Lady ELEANOR CHARLOTTE (1739 - 1829), one of the 'Ladies of Llangollen'

Name: Lady Eleanor Charlotte Butler

Date of birth: 1739

Date of death: 1829

Spouse: Sarah Ponsonby

Parent: Eleanor Butler (née Morres)

Parent: Walter Butler

Gender: Female

Occupation: one of the 'Ladies of Llangollen'

Area of activity: Royalty and Society; Anti-Establishment

Author: Norena Shopland

Eleanor Butler was born on 11 May 1739 at Cambrai in France, the youngest daughter of Walter Butler (1703-1783) and his wife Eleanor (née Morres, 1711-1793). On the death of his father, John Butler of Garryricken, Walter inherited his estate. In 1766, he also inherited the Ormonde estate, including Kilkenny Castle, from his cousin, John Butler of Kilcash who had died without an heir. Eleanor's brother John eventually reclaimed the title of Earl of Ormonde in 1791 and she was granted the rank of earl's daughter. She was educated at a Benedictine convent at Cambrai, and was unconventional for her time, showing no interest in men or getting married after returning to Kilkenny, and preferring studying. **Sarah Ponsonby**, who was orphaned at the age of seven, was being plagued by unwanted attention from her uncle. In 1768, Butler was asked to befriend the orphan, sixteen years her junior, and they became extremely close.

In April 1778, they made plans to elope. Ponsonby, dressed in men's clothing, armed herself with a pistol and taking her small dog Frisk, had climbed out of a downstairs window. Butler had left her house around 10pm, also in men's clothes, and had ridden to join Ponsonby with the intention to ride to Waterford and get a boat to England. However, they missed the boat and had to shelter in a barn for the night. The families caught up with them the following day and they were returned home.

They made a second attempt to escape, with Butler hiding for a time in Ponsonby's wardrobe and food being brought to her by Ponsonby's servant, Mary Carryl. They were discovered and despite many attempts to keep them apart, the families relented and they were allowed to leave on 9 May 1778.

They arrived in Milford Haven, and made their way north finally arriving in Llangollen where they set up home in 1780 at a cottage known as Plas Newydd and were later joined by Mary Carryl who served them faithfully until her death in 1809. Local people referred to them as 'the ladies', and they soon became known as 'The Ladies of Llangollen'.

During their time the Ladies were often seen as 'romantic friends', a close platonic non-sexual relationship despite rumours of their being Sapphists, or same-sex lovers. Having been lauded as examples of high friendship and sacrificing marriage and children, the women's reputation spread far and they were visited and contacted by many leading figures of the day.

They shared the same bed for 50 years, a large four-poster of richly carved oak. In their diaries and letters to friends they constantly referred to each other as 'beloved' or the matrimonial implication 'my better half'. In her will, Butler left everything 'to the beloved of my heart' and when she was ill was tended by 'My Sweet Love'. Everything they owned was embossed with their intertwined initials and their letters were jointly signed. They spoke of 'we' and 'our'. Since the twentieth century the exact nature of the relationship between the women has been debated but now it is generally accepted that they were in a same-sex life partnership.

As the years passed Butler became almost blind and was led around the house by Ponsonby as depicted in a painting by Lady Delamere. Butler died on 2 June 1829, and Ponsonby two years later. They were interred under the triangular monument in St Collen's Church, Llangollen next to their faithful friend Carryl.

The Ladies were adamant about not having their portraits done but in 1828 Mary Parker (later Lady Leighton) made two sketches of their faces from under the library table. Ponsonby was in profile but as Butler was now very blind it was possible to sketch her full face without being seen. The picture was not completed until three years later after both women had died. Parker visited Plas Newydd and sketched the library with all the items on the table exactly as it had been and then transposed her sketches of their faces onto imagined bodies. The completed picture was then engraved by Richard James Lane and sold by Parker to raise money for charity.

However, the most famous image of the ladies is by James Henry Lynch. Taking Parker's image, he made a pirated copy between 1833-1845 of the two women standing outside in riding habits. This was widely circulated in the latter part of the nineteenth century and is now the defining image of the Ladies of Llangollen.

Author

Norena Shopland

Sources

Elizabeth Owens Blackburne Casey, *Illustrious Irishwomen* (London 1877)

Fiona Brideoake, *The Ladies of Llangollen* (Lewisburg 2017)

Elizabeth Mavor, *The Ladies of Llangollen* (London 1971)

Norena Shopland, *Forbidden Lives* (Bridgend 2017)

Eva Bell (pseud. John Travers), *The Hamwood papers of the Ladies of Llangollen and Caroline Hamilton* (London 1930)

Elizabeth Mavor, 'Butler, Lady (Charlotte) Eleanor', *Oxford Dictionary of National Biography*

Further reading

'The Ladies of Llangollen: Sarah Butler (1739-1829) and Eleanor Ponsonby (1755-1831); People's Collection Wales

Wikipedia Article: Ladies of Llangollen

Archives

NLW Archives: Llyfr Ffoto Merched Llangollen/Ladies of Llangollen Album

Additional Links

VIAF: 53076588

Wikidata: Q18528457

Published date: 2024-08-09

Article Copyright: <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/4.0/>

PDF Print Cite

The Dictionary of Welsh Biography is provided by The National Library of Wales and the University of Wales Centre for Advanced Welsh and Celtic Studies. It is free to use and does not receive grant support. A donation would help us maintain and improve the site so that we can continue to acknowledge Welsh men and women who have made notable contributions to life in Wales and beyond.

Find out more on our [sponsorship page](#).



APA Citation



Shopland, N., (2024). BUTLER, Lady ELEANOR CHARLOTTE (1739 - 1829), one of the 'Ladies of Llangollen'. *Dictionary of Welsh Biography*. Retrieved 15 Oct 2024, from <https://biography.wales/article/s15-BUTL-CHA-1739>

Copy to Clipboard

Privacy & Cookies
Copyright
The Project
Help
Contact

LGCC
NLW

LLYFRGEL
THE NATION



Ysgrifto gan
Llywodraeth Cymru
Copied by
Welsh Government