

## PENNANT (and DOUGLAS-PENNANT, family, of Penrhyn, Llandygái, Caernarfonshire

The family fortunes were founded on the wealth of the West Indies; by the marriage of John Pennant to Bonella Hodges in 1734 there was a merger of two estates raising sugar in Jamaica, parish of Clarendon (for the most part); John Pennant reaped further blessings (again in Jamaica) from the will of his brother Samuel in 1749, a former lord mayor of London. It is not to be wondered at, therefore, that John's son Richard, in 1765, married the heiress of the Warburtons of Cheshire, who had inherited one-half of the Penrhyn estate; in 1785 he completed the purchase of the other half from the Yonges of Devon, and thus brought together into one compact unit the 'Warburton-Yonge moieties,' so often referred to in the rent-rolls of the estate for the first half of the 18th century. John Pennant, it must be said, was not an obscure adventurer from the West; rather he descended from the Pennants of Bychton and Downing in Flintshire and was a member of the same family, but of younger stock, as **Thomas Pennant** the traveller. It was Gifford Pennant, grandfather of John, who migrated west, bought extensive lands in Jamaica, and died in 1677. **Thomas Pennant** was very proud of his affiliations with the new proprietor of Penrhyn, and would have it that these Pennants were distantly related to the ancient holders of the Llandygái lands (see **Griffith family of Penrhyn**), the three chamberlains and **Pirs Griffith** the sea-rover, through the marriage of one of them, far back, c. 1475-80, with Angharad, daughter of **Gwilym ap Griffith ap Gwilym** of Penrhyn; but all this does not accord very well with the marriage adventures of Angharad in other pedigree books. Curiously enough, Richard Pennant's wife could claim a much more dependable descent from the Cochwillan (see **Williams of Cochwillan**) family, from **Robin**, brother of **Gwilym ap Gruffith ap Gwilym**.

### RICHARD PENNANT (1737? - 1808)

Whatever may be said about the contacts between old and new, Richard Pennant was undoubtedly a powerful personality with great achievements to his credit; he completely reorganized the working arrangements at the quarry of Cae-braich-y-cafn; took a lease from bishop Warren upon the Pen-y-bryn foreshore and built the quay; developed the trade in writing-slates, rearing sawmills at Coed-y-parc and Nant Gwreiddiog; was foremost in the movement to build a new road from Bangor to Capel Curig; all this besides keeping a very watchful eye on the agents of his Jamaica estates. In 1783 he was made an Irish peer with the right to sit in the House of Commons if elected; he was Member of Parliament for Liverpool for a time, and made the greatest mistake of his life when, in 1796, he made a bold effort to wrest the Caernarvonshire seat from **Sir Robert Williams**, half-brother to **lord Bulkeley** of Beaumaris, oblivious of the immense interests of the Bulkeleys in the two Arllechwedds, the towns of Conway and Caernarvon, and the district of Nant y Betws. He had a bad beating. He died 21 January 1808, and was followed by a cousin, and the cousin by his son-in-law

### EDWARD GORDON DOUGLAS (1800 - 1886)

Born 20 June 1800. A member of one of the most aristocratic families in Scotland (the Pennant became, by the queen's warrant, Douglas-Pennant in 1841), who was raised to the British peerage in 1866 as lord Penrhyn. Previous to that he had sat in the Commons for Caernarvonshire for twenty-five years. He died 31 March 1886. It was his son, the 2nd baron (born 30 September 1836 - 1907) who lost the famous election of 1868 to **Sir Love Jones Parry**, but who won it back in 1874. Though one of the most generous landlords in the country, he was in continual controversy with the quarrymen of Bethesda. He died 10 March 1907.

## Author

**Thomas Richards**, (1878 - 1962)

## Sources

J. E. Griffith, *Pedigrees of Anglesey and Carnarvonshire Families* (1914), 103, 184-7, 214

Thomas Pennant, *The history of the parishes of Whiteford and Holywell*(London 1796), 268-72

*A Tour (Tours) in [North] Wales*, 1810, iii, 85-7

*The Complete Peerage of England, Scotland, Ireland, Great Britain, and the United Kingdom* (1887â€“1898), x, 431-3

*Penrhyn Manuscripts at University College North Wales Library, Bangor* (U.C.N.W.), 421-56, 464-592, 1182-1489

## Further reading

Wikipedia Article: **Baron Penrhyn**

Wikipedia Article: **Richard Pennant, 1st Baron Penrhyn**

Wikipedia Article: **Edward Douglas-Pennant, 1st Baron Penrhyn**

Wikipedia Article: **George Douglas-Pennant, 2nd Baron Penrhyn**

Wikipedia Article: **Edward Douglas-Pennant, 3rd Baron Penrhyn**

Wikipedia Article: **Hugh Douglas-Pennant, 4th Baron Penrhyn**

Wikipedia Article: **Frank Douglas-Pennant, 5th Baron Penrhyn**

Wikipedia Article: **Malcolm Douglas-Pennant, 6th Baron Penrhyn**

Wikipedia Article: **Simon Douglas-Pennant, 7th Baron Penrhyn**

## Images

Camille Silvy, Lady Louisa Douglas Pennant Lady Penrhyn

## Additional Links

VIAF: **66035656**

Wikidata: **Q7328358**

**Published date:** 1959

PDF Print Cite

The Dictionary of Welsh Biography is provided by The National Library of Wales and the University of Wales Centre for Advanced Welsh and Celtic Studies. It is free to use and does not receive grant support. A donation would help us maintain and improve the site so that we can continue to acknowledge Welsh men and women who have made notable contributions to life in Wales and beyond.

Find out more on our [sponsorship page](#).



APA Citation



Richards, T., (1959). PENNANT (and DOUGLAS-PENNANT, family, of Penrhyn, Llandygâi, Caernarfonshire. *Dictionary of Welsh Biography*. Retrieved 10 Nov 2024, from <https://biography.wales/article/s-PENN-ANT-1734>

Copy to Clipboard

Privacy & Cookies  
Copyright  
The Project  
Help  
Contact

LGC  
NLW

LLYFRGEL  
THE NATION

